

Date					
	(DD	-	MM	-	YY)

ABL AMC A/C No.

For Office Use Only

CRS SELF-CERTIFICATION FORM FOR CONTROLLING PERSON

FOR INSTITUTIONS						
CRS SELF-CERTIFICATION FORM FOR CONTROLLING PERSON						
-	dy provided information in relation to the United States Gover I for the CRS as this is a separate regulation.	nment's Foreign Accou	nt Tax Compliance Act (F	FATCA), you may still be	requested provide	
SECTION 1 – IDEN	TIFICATION OF CONTROLLING PERSON					
Name as per CNIC (Mr	/ Mrs. / Ms.):		Da	te of Birth:		
Place of Birth:	Mobile No.		Landline &			
NICOP/ Passport/ CNIC		Date of issue				
Residential Address		200000000				
Mailing Address						
Legal name of Control	ling Entity 1					
Legal name of Control	ling Entity 2					
Legal name of Control	ling Entity 3					
Note: If there are more th	an three controlling entities please use separate sheet to provide comple	ete details				
SECTION 2 – COU	NTRY OF RESIDENCE FOR TAX PURPOSES AND REI	LATED TAXPAYER ID	DENTIFICATION NUM	MBER ("TIN")		
Please indicate countries where Controlling Person is a tax resident and also the TIN for each country or equivalent number. If a TIN is unavailable, please provide the appropriate reason A, B or C as explained below: Reason A - The country/jurisdiction where the Controlling Person is resident does not issue TINs to its residents; Reason B - The Controlling Person is unable to obtain a TIN or equivalent number (Please explain reason of not obtaining TIN); Reason C - No TIN is required for that country/ jurisdiction.						
	Country of tax residence	TIN	If no TIN av	vailable enter Reason	A, B or C	
1.	·					
2.						
3.						
•	eason B above, then please explain in the following boxes why goon is tax resident in more than three countries please use a sep		a TIN.			
1.						
2.						
3.						
SECTION 3 – TYPE (OF CONTROLLING PERSON (COMPLETE THIS SECTIO	N IF YOU ARE A TAX	RESIDENT IN ONE	OR MORE REPORTA	ble jurisdictions)	
Please provide the	Controlling Person's Status by ticking the appropriate b	юх	Entity 1	Entity 2	Entity 3	
a. Controlling Person	of a legal person – control by ownership					
b. Controlling Person of a legal person – control by other means						
c. Controlling Person	of a legal person – senior managing official					
d. Controlling Person of a trust – settlor						
e. Controlling Person of a trust – trustee						
f. Controlling Person of a trust – protector						
g. Controlling Person of a trust – beneficiary						
h. Controlling Person of a trust – other						
i. Controlling Person of a legal arrangement (non-trust) – settlor-equivalent						
j. Controlling Person of a legal arrangement (non-trust) – trustee-equivalent						
k. Controlling Person	of a legal arrangement (non-trust) – protector-equivalent					
I. Controlling Person	of a legal arrangement (non-trust) – beneficiary-equivalent					
m Controlling Porcon	of a logal arrangement (non-trust) other equivalent					

CRS DECLARATION & SIGNATURE (CONTROLLING PERSON)

If we understand that the information supplied by me/ us is covered by the full provisions of the terms and conditions governing the Controlling Person's relationship with the Company setting out how it may use and share the information supplied by me/ us and I/ we acknowledge that the information contained in this form and information regarding the Controlling Person and any Reportable Account(s) may be provided to the tax authorities of the country in which this account(s) is/are maintained and exchanged with tax authorities of another country or countries in which the Controlling Person may be tax resident pursuant to intergovernmental agreements to exchange financial account information. If we certify that I am/ we are the Controlling Person (or am authorized to sign for the Controlling Person) of all the account(s) held by the Entity Controlling Person to which this form relates.

I/ we hereby declare and confirm that all information provided in this Self Certification Form is to the best of my/our knowledge and belief, correct, accurate and complete in all respects.

The Company shall have the right to disclose my personal information directly or indirectly to Foreign Regulator or Tax Authorities (or his representatives or agents) or any other authority or jurisdiction as deemed necessary by the Company of whatever nature. If we hereby undertake that where If we have provided information regarding any other person (such as Controlling Person or other Reportable Person to which this form relates). If we will immediately inform/notify those persons that If we have provided such information to the Company, and that such information may be provided to the tax authorities of the country/jurisdiction in which the account(s) is/are maintained and exchanged with tax authorities of another country or jurisdiction in which person may be a tax resident pursuant to intergovernmental agreements to exchange financial account information. If we hereby indemnify and hold the Company and its directors, officers, representatives and employees harmless from all costs, expenses, losses, damages, liability, penalties incurred, suffered and/or imposed on the Company as a result of any suits, proceedings and/or litigation arising out of or in any manner connected with this Self-Certification Form and/or the information supplied hereby. If we undertake to notify the Company in writing within 30 calendar days if there is a change in any information which If we have provided to the Company.

Name:	Date:
Signature:	Capacity:

Note: If you are not the Controlling person please indicate the capacity in which you are signing the form. If you are signing under a power of attorney, then please also attach a certified copy of the power of attorney.

INSTRUCTION CRS - SELF-CERTIFICATION

Introduction

Organization of Economic Cooperation and Development (OECD) has developed a common framework known as Common Reporting Standard for Automatic Exchange of Information (AEOI). Government of Pakistan has signed the Multilateral Convention on Mutual Administrative. Assistance in Tax Matters of OECD to implement CRS. As per the State Bank of Pakistan BPRD Circular Letter No. 10 dated 19th April, 2017 and Government of Pakistan Notification SRO No. 166//2017, ABL Asset Management Company Limited (ABL AMCL, the Company) is required to comply with the local applicable CRS requirements in accordance with relevant local laws and legally obligated to collect certain information and/or documents from the account holders related to their tax residence and report such information and/or documents with the appropriate tax authorities in compliance with CRS requirements applicable in Pakistan.

Under the CRS, ABL AMCL is required to determine where you are 'tax resident'. Each jurisdiction has its own rules for defining tax residency. In general, you will find that tax residency is the country/jurisdiction in which you live however this may not always be the case. Special circumstances may cause you to be resident elsewhere or resident in more than one country/jurisdiction at the same time (dual residency). If you are tax resident outside the country where your account is held we may need to give the national tax authority this information, along with information relating to your accounts. That may then be shared between different countries' tax authorities.

Who should complete this form?

Please complete the form where you need to self-certify on behalf of an entity accountholder. For joint or multiple accountholders please complete a separate form for each accountholder. If you are an individual accountholder or sole proprietor, please complete the "Individual CRS Self-Certification Form"

Even if you have already provided information in relation to the United States Government's Foreign Account Tax Compliance Act (FATCA), you may still need to provide additional information for the CRS as this is a separate regulation.

Please indicate the capacity in which you have signed in Part 4. For example you may be the custodian or nominee of an account on behalf of the accountholder, or you may be completing the form under a signatory authority or power of attorney. Where you are a Passive Non-Financial Entity (NFE), or an Investment Entity located in a Non-Participating Jurisdiction managed by another Financial Institution, please provide information on the natural person(s) who exercise control over the Account Holder (individuals referred to as "Controlling Person(s)") by completing a "Controlling Person selfcertification form" for each Controlling Persons. This information should be provided by all Investment Entities located in a Non-Participating Jurisdiction and managed by another Financial Institution.

Self-certification Validity and Duty of Due Care -

The form will remain valid unless there is a change in circumstances relating to information, such as the account holder's tax status or other mandatory field information that makes the form incorrect or incomplete. In that case it shall be your responsibility to notify us immediately and provide an updated self-certification within 30 days of such change in circumstances. Completion of this form will ensure that ABL AMCL holds accurate and upto-date information about your tax residence. Your cooperation and due care will help you avoid any inconvenience that may occur due to inaccurate status reporting.

Further Information -

If you have any questions on defining your tax residency status, please consult your professional tax consultant for advice.

You can also find out more, including a list of jurisdictions that have signed agreements to automatically exchange information, along with details about the information being requested, on the OECD Portal and more information on Common Reporting Standard on FBR website http://www.fbr.gov.pk. Please refer to Appendix attached with form for definitions and CRS Key terms

Definitions

Note: These are selected definitions provided to assist you with the completion of thisform. Further details can be found within the OECD. Common Reporting Standard for Automatic Exchange of Financial Account Information (the CRS"), the associated Commentary to the CRS, and domestic guidance. This can be found at the following link [OECD] If you have any questions then please contact your tax adviser or domestic tax authority.

Account Holder

The Account Holder means the person listed or identified as the holder of a Financial Account by the Financial Institution that maintains the account. A person, other than a Financial Institution, holding a Financial Account for the benefit or account of another person as agent, custodian, nominee, signatory, investment advisor or intermediary is not treated as holding the account for purposes of these rules and such other person is treated as holding the account. In the case of a Cash Value Insurance Contract or an Annuity Contract, the Account Holder is any person entitled to access the Cash Value or change the beneficiary of the contract. If no person can access the Cash Value or change the beneficiary, the Account Holder is any person named as the owner in the contract and any person with a vested entitlement to payment under the terms of the contract. Upon the maturity of a Cash Value Insurance Contract or an Annuity Contract, each person entitled to receive a payment under the contract is treated as an Account Holder;

Active NFF

An NFE is an Active NFE if it meets any of the criteria listed below. In summary, those criteria

- active NFEs by reason of income and assets;
- publicly traded NFEs;
- Governmental Entities, International Organizations,

Central Banks, ortheir wholly owned Entities;

- $\bullet \ \ \text{holding NFEsthat are members of a nonfinancial group;}$
- start-upNFEs;
- NFEsthat are liquidating or emerging from bankruptcy;
- treasury centersthat are members of a nonfinancial group; or
- non-profitNFEs.

An entity will be classified as Active NFE if it meets any of the following criteria:

a) Less than 50% of the NFE's gross income for the preceding calendar year or other appropriate reporting period is passive income and less than 50% of the assets held by the NFE during the preceding calendar year or other appropriate reporting period are assets that produce or are held for the production of passive income;

b) The stock of the NFE is regularly traded on an established securities market or the NFE is a Related Entity of an Entity the stock of which is regularly traded on an established securities market:

c) The NFE is a Governmental Entity, an International Organization, a Central Bank, or an Entity wholly owned by one or more of the foregoing;

d) Substantially all of the activities of the NFE consist of holding (in whole or in part) the outstanding stock of, or providing financing and services to, one or more subsidiaries that engage in trades or businesses other than the business of a Financial Institution, except that an Entity does not qualify for this status if the Entity functions (or holds itself out) as an investment fund, such as a private equity fund, venture capital fund, leveraged buyout fund, or any investment vehicle whose purpose is to acquire or fund companies and then hold interests in those companies as capital assets for investment purposes;

e) the NFE is not yet operating a business and has no prior operating history, (a " start-up NFE") but is investing capital into assets with the intent to operate a business other than that of a Financial Institution, provided that the NFE does not qualify for this exception after the date that is 24 months after the date of the initial organization of the NFE;

f) the NFE was not a Financial Institution in the past five years, and is in the process of liquidating its assets or is reorganizing with the intent to continue or recommence operations in a business other than that of a Financial Institution;

g) the NFE primarily engages in financing and hedging transactions with, or for, Related Entities that are not Financial Institutions, and does not provide financing or hedging services to any Entity that is not a Related Entity, provided that the group of any such Related Entities is primarily engaged in a business other than that of a Financial Institution; or

h) the NFE meets all of the following requirements

i) it is established and operated in its jurisdiction of residence exclusively for religious, charitable, scientific, artistic, cultural, athletic, or educational purposes; or it is established and operated in its jurisdiction of residence and it is a professional organization, business league, chamber of commerce, labor organization, agricultural or horticultural organization, civic league or an organization operated exclusively for the promotion of social welfare;

ii) it is exempt from income tax in its jurisdiction of residence;

iii) it has no shareholders or members who have a proprietary or beneficial interest in itsincome or assets;

iv) the applicable laws of the NFE'sjurisdiction ofresidence or the NFE'sformation documents do not permit any income or assets of the NFE to be distributed to, or applied for the benefit of, a private person or noncharitable Entity other than pursuant to the conduct of the NFE's charitable activities, or as payment of reasonable compensation for servicesrendered, or as payment representing the fair market value of property which the NFE has purchased; and v) the applicable laws of the NFE'sjurisdiction of residence or the NFE'sformation documents require that, upon the NFE'sliquidation or dissolution, all of its assets be distributed to a Governmental Entity or other non-profit organization, or escheat to the government of the NFE's jurisdiction of residence or any political subdivision.

Control

"Control" over an Entity is generally exercised by the natural person(s) who ultimately has a controlling ownership interest (typically on the basis of a certain percentage (e.g. 25%)) in the Entity. Where no natural person(s) exercises control through ownership interests, the Controlling Person(s) of the Entity will be the natural person(s) who exercises control of the Entity through other means. Where no natural person(s) is/are identified as exercising control of the Entity through ownership interests, then under the CRS the Reportable Person is deemed to be the natural person who hold the position of senior managing official.

Controlling Person(s)

"Controlling Persons" are the natural person(s) who exercise control over an entity. Where that entity is treated as a Passive Non-Financial Entity ("Passive NFE") then a Financial Institution is required to determine whether or not these Controlling Persons are Reportable Persons. This definition corresponds to the term "beneficial owner" described in Recommendation 10 of the Financial Action Task Force Recommendations (as adopted in February 2012). In the case of a trust, the Controlling Person(s) are the settlor(s), the trustee(s), the protector(s) (if any), thebeneficiary(ies) or class(es) of beneficiaries, or any other natural person(s) exercising ultimate effective control over the trust (including through a chain of control or ownership). Under the CRS the settlor(s), the trustee(s), the protector(s) (if any), and the beneficiary(ies) or class(es) of beneficiaries, are always treated as Controlling Persons of a trust, regardless of whether or not any of them exercises control over the activities of the trust. Where the settlor(s)

of a trust is an Entity then the CRS requires Financial Institutions to also identify the Controlling Persons of the settlor(s) and when required report them as Controlling Persons of the trust. In the case of a legal arrangement other than a trust, "Controlling Person(s) means persons in equivalent or similar positions.

Custodial Institution

The term "Custodial Institution" means any Entity that holds, as a substantial portion of its business, Financial Assets for the account of others. This is where the Entity's gross income attributable to the holding of Financial Assets and related financial services equals or exceeds 20% of the Entity's gross income during the shorter of: (i) the three-year period that ends on 31 December (or the final day of a non-calendar year accounting period) prior to the year in which the determination is being made; or (ii) the period during which the Entity has been in existence

FATCA

FATCA stands for the Foreign Account Tax Compliance provisions, which were enacted into U.S. law as part of the Hiring Incentives to Restore Employment (HIRE) Act on March 18, 2010. FATCA creates a new information reporting and withholding regime for payments made to certain non-U.S. financial institutions and other non-U.S. entities.

Entity

The term "Entity" means a legal person or a legal arrangement, such as a corporation, organization, partnership, trust or foundation.

Financial Institution

The term "Financial Institution" means a "Custodial Institution", a "Depository Institution", an "Investment Entity", or a "Specified Insurance Company". (Please, refer to the relevant definition in the form for more details)

Participating Jurisdiction

A Participating Jurisdiction is a jurisdiction with which an agreement isin place pursuant to which it will provide the information set out in the Common Reporting Standard.

Passive NFE

Under the CRS a "Passive NFE" means any NFE that is not an Active NFE. An Investment Entity located in a Non-Participating Jurisdiction and managed by another Financial Institution is also treated as a Passive NFE for purposes of the CRS.

Reportable Account

The term "Reportable Account" means an account held by one or more Reportable Persons or by a Passive NFE with one or more Controlling Personsthat is a Reportable Person.

Reportable Jurisdiction

A Reportable Jurisdiction is a jurisdiction with which an obligation to provide financial account information is in place.

Reportable Jurisdiction Person

Reportable Jurisdiction Person means an individual or Entity that is resident in a Reportable Jurisdiction or an estate of a decedent that was a resident of Reportable Jurisdiction. For this purpose, an Entity such as a partnership, limited liability partnership or similar legal arrangement that has no residence for tax purposes shall be treated as resident in the jurisdiction in which its place of effective management is situated;

TIN (including functional equivalent)

The term "TIN" means Taxpayer Identification Number or a functional equivalent in the absence of a TIN. A TIN is a unique combination of letters or numbers assigned by a jurisdiction to an individual or an Entity and used to identify the individual or Entity for the purposes of administering the tax laws of such jurisdiction. Further details of acceptable TINs can be found at the following link [OECD Portal] Some jurisdictions do not issue a TIN. However, these jurisdictions of ten utilize some other high integrity number with an equivalent level of identification (a "functional equivalent"). Examples of that type of number include, for individuals, a social security/ insurance number, citizen/ personal identification/ service code/ number, and resident registration number.

Get in Touch

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